

Office of Personnel Management

§ 752.403

(2) An employee whose position has been determined to be of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character by: the President for a position that the President has excepted from the competitive service; the Office of Personnel Management for a position that the Office has excepted from the competitive service (Schedule C); or the President or the head of an agency for a position excepted from the competitive service by statute;

(3) A Presidential appointee;

(4) A reemployed annuitant;

(5) A technician in the National Guard described in section 8337(h)(1) of title 5, United States Code, who is employed under section 709(b) of title 32, United States Code;

(6) A Foreign Service member as described in section 103 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980;

(7) An employee of the Central Intelligence Agency or the General Accounting Office;

(8) An employee of the Veterans Health Administration (Department of Veterans Affairs) in a position which has been excluded from the competitive service by or under a provision of title 38, United States Code, unless the employee was appointed to the position under section 7401(3) of title 5, United States Code;

(9) A nonpreference eligible employee with the U.S. Postal Service, the Postal Rate Commission, the Panama Canal Commission, the Tennessee Valley Authority, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the National Security Agency, the Defense Intelligence Agency, or an intelligence activity of a military department covered under section 1590 of title 10, United States Code;

(10) An employee described in section 5102(c)(11) of title 5, United States Code, who is an alien or noncitizen occupying a position outside the United States;

(11) A nonpreference eligible employee serving a probationary or trial period under an initial appointment in the excepted service pending conversion to the competitive service; and

(12) An employee whose agency or position has been excluded from the appointing provisions of title 5, United States Code, by separate statutory au-

thority in the absence of any provision to place the employee within the coverage of chapter 75 of title 5, United States Code.

[53 FR 21622, June 9, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 13192, Mar. 10, 1993]

§ 752.402 Definitions.

(a) *Day* means a calendar day.

(b) *Current continuous employment* means a period of employment or service immediately preceding an adverse action in the same or similar positions without a break in Federal civilian employment of a workday.

(c) *Furlough* means the placing of an employee in a temporary status without duties and pay because of lack of work or funds or other nondisciplinary reasons.

(d) *Grade* means a level of classification under a position classification system.

(e) *Indefinite suspension* means the placing of an employee in a temporary status without duties and pay pending investigation, inquiry, or further agency action. The indefinite suspension continues for an indeterminate period of time and ends with the occurrence of the pending conditions set forth in the notice of action which may include the completion of any subsequent administrative action.

(f) *Pay* means the rate of basic pay fixed by law or administrative action for the position held by the employee, that is, the rate of pay before any deductions and exclusive of additional pay of any kind.

(g) *Similar positions* mean positions in which the duties performed are similar in nature and character and require substantially the same or similar qualifications, so that the incumbent could be interchanged between the positions without significant training or undue interruption to the work.

(h) *Suspension* means the placing of an employee, for disciplinary reasons, in a temporary status without duties and pay for more than 14 days.

[53 FR 21623, June 9, 1988]

§ 752.403 Standard for action.

(a) An agency may take an adverse action, including a performance-based adverse action, under this subpart only

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such cause as will promote the efficiency of the service.

(b) An agency may not take an adverse action against an employee on the basis of any reason prohibited by 5 U.S.C. 2302.

[45 FR 46778, July 11, 1980, as amended at 53 FR 21623, June 9, 1988]

§ 752.404 Procedures.

(a) *Statutory entitlements.* An employee against whom action is proposed under this subpart is entitled to the procedures provided in 5 U.S.C. 7513(b).

(b) *Notice of proposed action.* (1) The notice of proposal shall inform the employee of his or her right to review the material which is relied on to support the reasons for action given in the notice. The agency may not use material that cannot be disclosed to the employee of his or her representative or designated physician under § 297.204(c) of this chapter to support the reasons in the notice.

(2) When some but not all employees in a given competitive level are being furloughed, the notice of proposal shall state the basis for selecting a particular employee for furlough, as well as the reasons for the furlough.

(3) Under ordinary circumstances, an employee whose removal or suspension, including indefinite suspension, has been proposed shall remain in a duty status in his or her regular position during the advance notice period. In those rare circumstances where the agency determines that the employee's continued presence in the workplace during the notice period may pose a threat to the employee or others, result in loss of or damage to Government property, or otherwise jeopardize legitimate Government interests, the agency may elect one or a combination of the following alternatives:

(i) Assigning the employee to duties where he or she is no longer a threat to safety, the agency mission, or to Government property;

(ii) Allowing the employee to take leave, or carrying him or her in an appropriate leave status (annual, sick, leave without pay, or absence without leave) if the employee has absented himself or herself from the worksite without requesting leave;

(iii) Curtailing the notice period when the agency can invoke the provisions of § 752.404(d)(1) of this part, the "crime provision." This provision may be invoked even in the absence of judicial action if the agency has reasonable cause to believe that the employee has committed a crime for which a sentence of imprisonment may be imposed; or

(iv) Placing the employee in a paid, nonduty status for such time as is necessary to effect the action.

(c) *Employee's answer.* (1) The agency shall give the employee a reasonable amount of official time to review the material relied on to support its proposal and to prepare an answer and to secure affidavits, if he or she is otherwise in an active duty status.

(2) The agency shall designate an official to hear the employee's oral answer who has authority either to make or recommend a final decision on the proposed adverse action. The right to answer orally in person does not include the right to a formal hearing with examination of witnesses unless the agency provides one in its regulations in accordance with paragraph (g) of this section.

(3) If the employee wishes the agency to consider any medical condition which may contribute to a conduct, performance, or leave problem, the employee shall be given a reasonable time to furnish medical documentation (as defined in § 339.102 of this chapter) of the condition. Whenever possible, the employee shall supply such documentation within the time limits allowed for an answer. After its review of the medical documentation supplied by the employee, the agency may, if authorized, require a medical examination under the criteria of § 339.301(a)(3) and the procedures of § 339.302 of this chapter, or otherwise, at its option, offer a medical examination in accordance with the criteria of § 339.301(d) and procedures of § 339.302 of this chapter. If the employee has the requisite years of service under the Civil Service Retirement System or the Federal Employees Retirement System, the agency shall provide information concerning disability retirement. The agency shall be aware of the affirmative obligations of the provisions of 29 CFR 1613.704, which